D 50021	(Pag	(Pages : 3)		me	
			Re	g. No	
FIFTH	SEMESTER (CUCBCSS	S—U	G) DEGREE E	XAMINATION	
	NOVEM	BEI	R 2023		
	В.	Com			
	BCM 5B 08—BUSINES	S RI	ESEARCH METH	ODS	
	(2018 A	dmis	ssions)		
Time: Three Hou	rs			Maximum: 80 Marks	
	Pa	art I			
Fill in the blanks:					
1. SPSS is an a	cronym of ———.				
2. Full form of	ANOVA ———.				
3. A true repres	3. A true representation of population is known as ————.				
4. Random sam	4. Random sampling is also called ———.				
5. A	——— is a subset of a populat	ion			
Choose the correct a	nswer:				
6. Business res	earch means finding out new k	now!	ledge in the field of	:	
a) Com	munication.	b)	Business.		
c) Man	agement.	d)	Administration.		
7. The two main	n types of research are:				
a) Prob	ability and non probability.				
b) Ques	stionnaire and survey.				
c) Qual	itative and quantitative.				
d) Dire	ct and indirect.				
8. The beginning	ng state of any research is:				
a) Tria	and error.	b)	Experimentation.		
c) Obse	ervation.	d)	Hypothesis formula	ation.	

Turn over

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- 9. The most important thing a researcher has to focus is:
 - a) Coming up with a research problem.
 - b) Popularising the research findings.
 - c) Finding the most scientific solution for research.
 - d) Focusing on research publications more.
- 10. In which type of research 'control group' is formed:
 - a) Descriptive research.
- b) Ethnographic research.
- c) Experimental research.
- d) Action research.

 $(10 \times 1 = 10 \text{ marks})$

Part II (Short Answer Questions)

Answer any **eight** out of the ten questions in two **or** three sentences. Each question carries 2 marks.

- 11. What is meant by business research?
- 12. Give the meaning of null hypothesis with an example.
- 13. What do you mean by variable in research?
- 14. What is exploratory research?
- 15. Give the meaning of research design.
- 16. Mention the meaning of validity in research.
- 17. What is meant by primary data?
- 18. What is secondary data?
- 19. Mention the meaning of sampling plan?
- 20. Give any three differences between probability and non probability sampling methods.

 $(8 \times 2 = 16 \text{ marks})$

Part III (Short Essay Questions)

Answer any **six** out of the eight questions in about 200 words. Each question carries 4 marks.

- 21. Discuss the steps involved in the processing of data in research.
- 22. 'Research involves a systematic process which involves many steps.' Explain.

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- 23. Distinguish between primary data and secondary data.
- 24. Discuss the meaning of experimental research with the help of a practical example.
- 25. Explain in brief the importance of conducting review of related literature briefly.
- 26. What is a research problem? Discuss the major sources of research problem.
- 27. What are the different types of research report?
- 28. Write a short note on the criteria of a good research.

 $(6 \times 4 = 24 \text{ marks})$

Part IV (Essay Questions)

Answer any **two** out of the three questions in about 800 words. Each question carries 15 marks.

- 29. 'An investigator should follow some format specifications for writing a research report.' Describe.
- 30. 'Probability sampling techniques are preferred more than non-probability sampling techniques. Elucidate the statement by discussing different types of probability sampling techniques.
- 31. 'Preparing a good questionnaire needs commitment and effort.' Explain the above statement by discussing the points to be considered for developing a good questionnaire.

 $(2 \times 15 = 30 \text{ marks})$

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		Reg No		

FIFTH SEMESTER (CUCBCSS—UG) DEGREE EXAMINATION NOVEMBER 2023

B.Com.

BCM 5B 08—BUSINESS RESEARCH METHODS

(2018 Admissions)

(Multiple Choice Questions for SDE Candidates)

Time: 15 Minutes Total No. of Questions: 20 Maximum: 20 Marks

INSTRUCTIONS TO THE CANDIDATE

- 1. This Question Paper carries Multiple Choice Questions from 1 to 20.
- 2. The candidate should check that the question paper supplied to him/her contains all the 20 questions in serial order.
- 3. Each question is provided with choices (A), (B), (C) and (D) having one correct answer. Choose the correct answer and enter it in the main answer-book.
- 4. The MCQ question paper will be supplied after the completion of the descriptive examination.

BCM 5B 08—BUSINESS RESEARCH METHODS

(Multiple Choice Questions for SDE Candidates)

1.	Business research means the discovery of new knowledge in the field of ————.			
	(A)	Management.	(B)	Administration.
	(C)	Business.	(D)	None of these.
2.		is regarded as reasoning	g from	the general to particular
	(A)	Induction.	(B)	Deduction.
	(C)	Rational.	(D)	None of these.
3.		research deals with prac	ctical	problems.
	(A)	Basic.	(B)	Exploratory.
	(C)	Applied.	(D)	Experimental.
4.	The obj	ective ofresearch	is to te	est hypotheses about cause and effect relationships.
	(A)	Formulative.	(B)	Causal.
	(C)	Descriptive.	(D)	None of these.
5.		is a tentative explanation be tested by further investigation		an observation, phenomenon, or scientific problem
	(A)	Theory.	(B)	Concept.
	(C)	Construct.	(D)	Hypothesis.
6.	In bus	iness research, attitudinal data ———— data.	. obta	ined from rating scales are often treated as
	(A)	Nominal.	(B)	Ordinal.
	(C)	Interval.	(D)	Ratio.
7.	A ——report.	is a list of the sources	used	by the researcher to get information for research
	(A)	Bibliography.	(B)	Content.
	(C)	Appendix.	(D)	None of these.

8.	The —	Scale is known as nominal scale.		
	(A)	Interval.	(B)	Ordinal.
	(C)	Ranking.	(D)	Ratio.
9.		ended questions are call	ed fre	ee answer questions.
	(A)	Closed.	(B)	Open.
	(C)	Multiple choice question.	(D)	None of these.
10.	Resear	rch is a ———— endeavor	to dis	cover answers to questions
	(A)	Systematic.	(B)	Collective.
	(C)	General.	(D)	None of these.
11.	A theor	y explains and predicts about a —		·
	(A)	Phenomenon.	(B)	Principles.
	(C)	Formula.	(D)	None of these.
12.	Empiri	cal studies are studies based on —		<u> </u>
	(A)	Imagination.	(B)	Insights.
	(C)	Experience.	(D)	Events.
13.	In —	Surveys, researchers	are ir	nterested in variation.
	(A)	ad hoc.	(B)	Permanent.
	(C)	Longitudinal.	(D)	Cross-sectional.
14.	Measur	rement validity is also called ———		——Validity.
	(A)	Internal.	(B)	Ecological.
	(C)	External.	(D)	Construct.
15.	The firs	st step in statistical activity is the –		 -
	(A)	Publication of report.	(B)	Processing of data.
	(C)	Analysis of data.	(\mathbf{D})	Collection of data.

Turn over

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16.	Respondent errors and administrative errors are examples of ———.			
	(A)	Sampling error.	(B)	Standard error.
	(C)	Non- sampling error.	(D)	Standard deviation.
17.	The rai	nks obtained by students will be me	easure	ed on the basis of ———— scale.
	(A)	Nominal.	(B)	Ordinal.
	(C)	Interval.	(D)	Ratio.
18.	The —	———Validity refers to th	e degi	ree to which the actual program reflects the ideal
	(A)	Construct.	(B)	Face.
	(C)	Concurrent.	(D)	External.
19.				hniques to measure consumer preference between pairs of brands to the respondents.
	(A)	14.	(B)	21.
	(C)	35.	(D)	18.
20.	A	scale is used to draw o	out a y	yes or no answer.
	(A)	Likert.	(B)	Rating.
	(C)	Dichotomous.	(D)	Category.