D 10000	(Pages	: 4)	Name	•••
			Reg. No	•••
F	FIFTH SEMESTER U.G. D NOVEMBE		MINATION	
	(CUCBCS	S–UG)		
	B.Cor			
	BCM 5B 07—ACCOUNTIN		GEMENT	
	(2014 Adm			
Time : Three Hou		15510115)	Maximum : 80 Marl	-~
Time : Three Hot	Part	Λ	maximum : 80 mari	S
	Answer all q	uestions.		
- OI	Each question ca			
	correct answer from the following:			
	current liability is paid ; current ra			
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		Decreases.		
	Does not change. (d)	Becomes nega	tive.	
	nd paid under AS-3 is:			
	Cash flow from financing activity.			
	Cash flow from operating activity.			
	Cash flow from investing activity.  None of these.			
	ement accounting involves :			
	Recording transactions.			
	Classifying transactions.			
	Preparation of financial statements	<b>S</b> .		
	Analysis and interpretation of data			
	among the following is a static stat			
(a) I	Income Statement. (b)	Balance sheet	•	
(c) I	Fund Flow Statement. (d)	Cash Flow Sta	atement.	
5 When s	sales are Rs. 1,00,000 and P/V Rati	o is 30%, contril	oution is ?	
(a) 7	70,000. (b)	30,000.		
(c) 1	1,30,000. (d)	1,00,000.		
II. Fill in the bl	anks with appropriate words:			
6 An incr	rease in current liability results in	notional ———	— of cash.	
7 Other t	chings remain same; BEP increase	s when fixed cos	t	
8 In com	mon size income statement ———	— is taken as	100.	
9 When o	creditors are paid in cash, the amo	unt of working c	apital would ———.	
	s Turnover ratios are also called —	_		
			$(10 \times 1 = 10 \text{ mark})$ <b>Turn ove</b>	

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## Part B

Answer any eight questions.

Each question carries 2 marks.

- 11 What is vertical analysis?
- 12 What do you mean by management reporting?
- 13 What is CVP analysis?
- 14 What are comparative financial statements?
- 15 What is cash from operations?
- 16 Define accounting ratio.
- 17 What do you mean by shut down points?
- 18 Define Fund.
- 19 What is the significance of P/E ratio?
- 20 Differentiate between net profit and fund from operation.

 $(8 \times 2 = 16 \text{ marks})$ 

## Part C

Answer any six questions.

Each question carries 4 marks.

- 21 Explain the different tools of financial statement analysis.
- 22 Explain the functions of management accountant.
- 23 From the following data, prepare a common-size income statement:

	2010	2011
	Rs.	Rs.
Sales	10,50,000	16,75,000
Return inward	50,000	75,000
Cost of goods sold	7,50,000	10,00,000
Administrative expenses	60,000	1,60,000
Selling expenses	40,000	80,000
Interest on loan	10,000	30,000
Income tax	15,000	40,000

- 24 From the following information calculate:
  - (a) BEP.
  - (b) Fixed cost.

Margin of safety — Rs. 80,000 (40% of sales).

P/V ratio — 30%.

25 You are given the following data relating to a company for 2018:

	Its.
Net sales	20,00,000
Cost of sales (variable cost)	12,00,000
Operating expenses	3,00,000
Interest charges	1,00,000
Tax rate 30%	

## Calculate:

- (a) Operating leverage.
- (b) Financial leverage.
- (c) Combined leverage.

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26 B. M. Company presents the following information and you are required to calculate funds from Operation :

Profit and Loss Account

	Rs.		Rs.
To expenses :		By Gross profit	2,00,000
operation	1,00,000	By Gain on sale of plant	20,000
depreciation	40,000		
To Loss on sale of building	10,000		
To Advertisement suspense A/c	5,000		
To Discount (allowed to customers)	500		
To Discount on issue of shares			
written-off	500		
To Goodwill	12,000		
To Net profit	52,000		
	2,20,000		2,20,000

27 Calculate net cash flows from investing activities from the following information:

	31.12.2007	31.3.2008
	Rs.	Rs.
Building (W.D.V.)	6,00,000	7,50,000

 $Additional\ information:$ 

- (i) Building costing Rs. 1,00,000 on which Rs. 30,000 had accumulated as depreciation was sold for Rs. 60,000.
- (ii) Depreciation charged on buildings for the year ended 31.3.2008 Rs. 50,000.
- 28 Rani Ltd. purchases goods on cash and credit terms. From the following information, calculate Creditors' turnover ratio and Average payment period :

		Rs.
Total purchases		4,20,000
Cash purchases	•••	40,000
Purchase returns		20,000
Creditors at the end of the year		70,000
Bills payable at the end of the year		10,000
Provision for discount on creditors		3,750

 $(6 \times 4 = 24 \text{ marks})$ 

Turn over

1,03,200

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1,03,100

## Part D

Answer any two questions.

Each question carries 15 marks.

29 From the following information, you are required to prepare a Cash Flow Statement of C.P. Ltd. for the year ended 31st December, 2011 using indirect method:

Balance Sheet						
Liabilities	2010	2011	Assets	2010	2011	
	Rs.	Rs.		Rs.	Rs.	
Share capital	70,000	74,000	Cash	9,000	7,800	
Debentures	12,000	6,000	Inventory	49,200	42,700	
Reserve for doubtful			Debtors	14,900	17,700	
debts	700	800				
Trade creditors	10,360	11,840	Land	20,000	30,000	
P and L A/c	10,040	10,560	Goodwill	10,000	5,000	

1,03,200

Additional information:

- (i) Dividend of Rs. 3,500 was paid.
- (ii) Land was purchased for Rs. 10,000.
- (iii) Amount provided for amortization of Goodwill was Rs. 5,000.

1,03,100

- (iv) Debentures paid of Rs. 6,000.
- 30 A company had incurred fixed expenses of Rs. 4,50,000 with sales of Rs. 15,00,000 and earned a Profit of Rs. 3,00,000 during the first half year. In the second half, it suffered a loss of Rs. 1,50,000 Calculate:
  - i. The profit volume ratio, break-even point and margin of safety for the first half year.
  - ii. Expected sales volume for the second half year assuming that selling price and fixed expenses remained unchanged during the second half year.
  - The break-even point and margin of safety for the whole year.
- 31 Following are the summarized balance sheets of Beta Ltd. as on 31st March 2014 and 2015. You are required to prepare a statement of funds flow:

Liabilities	2014	2015	Assets	2014	2015
	Rs.	Rs.		Rs.	Rs.
Share capital	2,00,000	2,50,000	Land and		
			Building	2,00,000	1,90,000
General reserve	50,000	60,000	Plant	1,50,000	1,74,000
P and L A/c	30,500	30,600	Stock	1,00,000	74,000
Bank loan (Short			Sundry		
term)	70,000		Debtors	80,000	64,200
<b>Sundry Creditors</b>	1,50,000	1,35,200	Cash	500	600
Provision for tax	30,000	35,000	Bank		8,000
	5,30,500	5,10,800		5,30,500	5,10,800

Additional information:

- Depreciation on Plant written-off Rs. 14,000 in 2015.
- (ii) Dividend of Rs. 20,000 was paid in 2015.
- (iii) Income tax provision made during the year was Rs. 25,000.
- A piece of land has been sold during the year at cost. (iv)

 $(2 \times 15 = 30 \text{ marks})$